

The National Feral Pig Action Plan 2021-2031 provides the national framework to reduce impacts caused by feral pig populations across Australia through collaborative and coordinated management.

Community engagement and involvement in regional management programs, operating across different land tenures, is key to effective feral pig management.





Environmental impacts

- Globally, feral pigs contribute 4.9 million metric tonnes of CO₂ emissions/year
- Feral pigs threaten:
 - I 46 species of flora and fauna
 - 8 ecological communities

Biosecurity risks

Feral pigs can:

- harbour and transmit >60 significant exotic, endemic and zoonotic pathogens and parasites
- spread weeds

What's needed?

- Long-term, coordinated and well-resourced feral pig management programs
- 2 Continued participation of all land managers in local management groups

Effective and timely use of integrated best

- **3** practice management to reduce feral pig impacts
- 4 Data to inform management programs and monitor outcomes, over time

5 Use of cost-effective and reliable technologies to improve the efficacy of control programs

The problem

>70%

annual reduction in feral pig populations required to prevent rapid population recovery

86%

increase in feral pig populations in one year if no control is conducted

Agriculture impacts

Exact regional populations and current economic losses from feral pigs across Australia are not known, however...

\$47 million

\$40 million

damage to agriculture in northwest NSW alone (2020/21) losses to environmental and agricultural assets in the Whitsunday Region (2020)

Cultural impacts

- Biodiversity loss, including turtle nest predation
- Ecosystem damage
- Loss of cultural heritage
- Water quality condemnation

Benefits being achieved from coordinated and strategic best practice management

\$18.83 return for every

\$ spent on feral

pig management

in Whitsunday

region

4,844 pigs

removed in aerial

control programs across

northern WA wheatbelt

in 2022

43,608 pigs

removed from the Western Riverina region since 2016

<30

feral pigs remaining on Kangaroo Island

10%

average turtle nest predation rate by feral pigs, wild dogs and goannas on western Cape York (down from >90%)